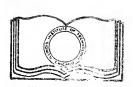
# EFFICIENCY & CAPACITY OF A 200 H. P. STIRLING BOILER WITH MC KINZIE STOKER

B Y
A. A. BYERS
D. A. YOUNG

ARMOUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



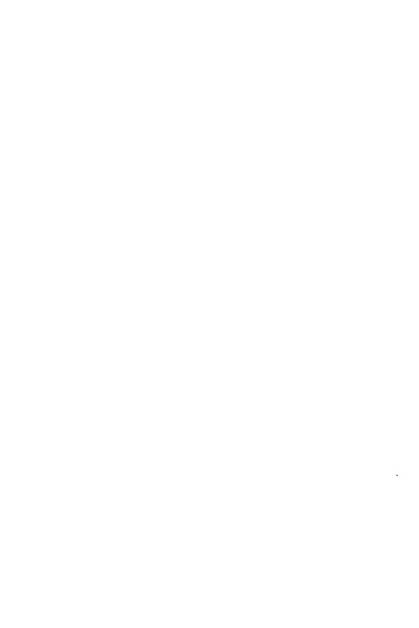
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Influence of depth of fire
on efficiency & capacity of

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#### INFLUENCE OF DEPTH OF FIRE

ON

**EFFICIENCY & CAPACITY** 

OF A

200 H. P. STIRLING BOILER WITH Mc KINZIE STOKER

# **A THESIS**

PRESENTED BY

ARTHUR A. BYERS and DONALD A. YOUNG

TO THE
PRESIDENT AND FACULTY

OF

# ARMOUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

FOR THE DEGREE OF

### BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

HAVING COMPLETED THE PRESCRIBED COURSE OF STUDY IN

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

MAY, 1910

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#### INTRODUCTION

The aim of this thesis is to present in complete form a series of commercial boiler tests conducted as nearly as possible in every detail with the American Society of Mechanical Engineers' Code.

These tests were made on a standard two hundred and fifty horse power Stirling boiler, equipped with a McKenzie stoker. It is located at the power plant of Armour Institute of Technology, Thirty Third and Armour Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The conditions under which these tests were run were as nearly identical to its actual operating conditions as possible, so as to make it applicable to furthering the economy of operation of this particular setting.

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This boiler is of the standard Stirling type, being one of a battery of two, suspended from a steel frame. There are three upper drums and one lower, or mud drum. The setting is entirely enclosed with brick, thus reducing radiation to a minimum, and keeping the surfaces of the heated parts from sudden changes of temperature.

There are one hundred and fifty four four inch tubes, arranged in rows of fourteen. Four rows extend from the upper front drum to the mud drum, a like number from the upper middle drum and three rows from the upper rear arun. The tubes enter the drums radially so they can be expanded in, and make tight joints. By arranging them in rows of not more than four deep, enables the removal of any defective tube without having to cut out more than one good tube.

The lower or mud drum is not supported by any other means than by the tubes. This gives it freedom to move in any direction with the expansion of the tubes. This drum serves

as a distributer of the water and a settling receptable from which the soft scale or sludge, can be removed by means of the blow off, located at the lowest point, and a large man hole in the end of the drun. The boiler is so constructed that all feed water must pass through this drum. It enters the upper rear drum first, and, being cooler than the water in the boiler, it sinks into the mud drum, where its temperature rises and causes it to pass up the tubes toward the two upper front drums. The tubes are nearly vertical so any scale which has not already been precipitated will settle back into the mud drum.

Stirling boilers do not require dry pipes because most of the ebulation takes place in the first drum. By placing the nozzle on the middle drum and connecting the other drums with it, by tubes in the steam space, there is a very marked change in velocity which enables most of the entrained water to settle out.

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Another feature of advantage which is only found on this type of boiler is the arrangement of the baffles, which cause the gases to pass lengthwise of the tubes through the first two passes and across the tubes in the last pass, leaving where the feed enters. This gives a good scrubbing action with a minimum loss from friction.

#### -: AUXILIARIES: -

The auxiliaries necessary for the operation of this boiler are a feed pump, feed water heater and a stoker engine.

A Dean feed water pump is used, which utilizes the returns from the heating system and whatever makes up water that is necessary from the City supply. The feed water is heated to a temperature of about two hundred degrees Farenheit, by a Webster vacuum heater of the induced type, steam being supplied from the exhaust steam line, used for heating the Armour flats.

The stoker engine is of the vertical type and is a part of the equipment of the McKenzie stoker. It is direct connected to the stoker by a train of gears and a double ratchet and paul. The speed of the grate is regulated by an ordinary fly ball governor on the engine. For a large change in speed one of the two ratchets can be disengaged.

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#### -: APPARATUS: -

The following apparatus is necessary for conducting a commercial boiler test:-

Calorimiter

Pressure Gauge

Draft Gauge

Recording Thermostat

Water Meter

Thermometers

Scales

Orsat Flue Gas Apparatus.

A throttling calorimiter made by the Carpenter Company is used to determine the quality of the steam. A regulation sampling tube as specified by the A. S. M. E. code was used to get an average sample. The sampling tube was inserted into the side of the nozzle about eight inches above the drum to obtain as near as possible, the actual quality of the steam leaving the boiler before condensation takes place.

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The pressure gauge is of the Crosby type and of large size so it can be read easily by the fireman. The gauge is located five feet below the point where the tap is made into the drum. Upon calibration with the Crosby gauge testing apparatus the gauge was found to have a constant error of two and one half pounds below the actual pressure, which would be just enough to offset the column of water that would accumulate in the vertical pipe, so under operation, it would read correctly.

The draft was measured by means of a "V" tube and a one eighth inch iron pipe and rubber tube. Owing to the fact that the damper in the ash pit of the large boiler is broken, leaving a space about eighteen inches wide and nine feet long open, through which the air can rush with practically no resistance, the draft to the boiler on which these tests were made had a maximum value of an eighth of an inch. This limited the depth of fire which could be used and also the amount of

coal consumed on the grate.

A recording thermostat was used to determine the temperature of the flue gas. This was calibrated and found correct within the limits of reading for the range in temperature used.

A Worthington hot water meter was used to measure the water fed into the boiler. By making proper connections, the same feed pump was used to feed water to all the boilers. After the tests had been concluded, the meter was calibrated, using about the same flow of water per hour as was used by the boiler. A curve of calibration is herewith submitted from which the correct water in pounds per hour can be read, knowing the meter reading in gallons per hour.

This boiler has a hopper which is filled from a bin on the floor. As all the coal must be weighed before it is put into the hopper, a scales and bucket were found to be the most convenient means of handling

the fuel. Before each run a set of standard weights of about the same weight as the bucket of coal was placed on the scales to make certain that the scales were correct.

An Orsat apparatus is used to determine the percentage of Oxygen and carbon dioxcide in the flue gas. New solutions were used for each fire tests to insure that the apparatus is in proper working conditions. The apparatus is located about twenty five feet from the flue where the sample is taken. A pump of large capacity was used to suck the gas from the flue insuring an average sample of gas at all times. Analysis of the flue gas was made about once every hour, and an average of these results used.

#### -: DISCUSSION: -

There are many difficulties entering into the making of a boiler test which makes it difficult to keep the conditions constant. This particular test was conducted when the

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boiler was in commercial operation, which caused the conditions to change owing to the fact that the load is composed of both heating and power. This boiler is also connected into the same steam line with the other boilers and as there is no non-return valve on the boiler tested, any slowing down of the feed on the other boilers would effect the pressure on the boiler under test.

A difficulty which prevented making a test with a constant speed of grate is the lack of sufficient draft to burn various thicknesses of fire at a constant speed. This makes it necessary to so adjust the speed that the grate is kept covered and yet burn all the coal before it empties into the ash pit.

For depths of fire over four inches
this can be done easily until a depth of fuel
has been reached where the combustion is too
slow, owing to the weak draft. For depths
of fuel less than four inches, the speed is
so great (if the boiler is run at any capacity)
that the heat from the arch is not sufficient

to ignite the coal as it is fed in allowing the fire to pass under the arch without igniting, making it necessary to stop the grate.

When these conditions have all been taken into consideration, the test resolves itself into the determination of the depth of fuel at which the efficiency of the boiler and grate and the capacity are most favorable. The efficiency of the grate and boiler and the capacity in B. H. P. have been plotted against the depth of fuel. The Boiler efficiency under the given conditions is best with a five inch fire while the capacity is a maximum with a six inchfire. This shows the most efficient condition to be with a fire about five and one half inches deep.

It will be noticed that one point on efficiency curve is very low when the depth of fuel was five and one fourth inches deep. This was due to the fact that the speed of the grate was too high and a great deal of the fuel went into the ash pit only partly burned.

## SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

#### RUN NO. 3

Moisture in Fuel = 7104.5 x.05,11 = 363#

Fuel Consumed = 7104.5 - 363 = 67415#

Total Refuse dry = 1358.5 x .801 = 1088%

Total Combustible =  $6741.5 \times .9138 = 6162 \#$ 

Dry Fuel per sq.ft.grate =  $6741.5 \div (7.03 \times 50) = 19.2 #$ 

Quality of Steam =  $(4+48(t-t_2)-\frac{1}{2})/n$  1149.6 +.48 (233-211) - 305.1/882.3 = 96.9%

Factor of Evaporation = (1160.2 - 130.5)/969.7 = 1.0620.

Water apparently evaporated per hr. 7060#

Evaporated into dry steam 7060 x .969 = 6851#

Evaporated from and at 212° = 7060 x 1.0620 = 7498#

Horsepower Commercial Rating =  $7498 \div 34-1/2 = 217.3 \text{ H.P.}$ 

Calorific value per pound of fuel as fired =  $12,544 \times (1 - .0511) = 11,900 \text{ B.t.v.}$ 

Calorific value per pound of Combustible = 12.544 + (1-.0862) = 13.727 B.t.v.

Heat generated per pound dry coal = (12,544) (1-.162 +.0862) =1,0580 B.t.v.

Heat generated per pound Co mbustible as fired = (13727) (1-.162 +.0862) = 12546 B.t.v.

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- Heat absorbed per pound dry coal =  $(7498 \times 969.7) + 959 = 7580 B.t.v.$
- Heat absorbed per pound Combustible as burned (7498  $\times$  969.7) + 876.5 = 9042 B.t.v.
- Efficiency of Boiler & grate = 7580/12544 = 60.4%.
- Efficiency of Boiler = 9042/13727 = 65.8%
- Equivalent evaporization from & at 212 per pound fuel as fired = 7498 + 1010.6 = 7.42#
- Cost of evaporating 1000 pounds of water from & at 212 = 210 x 1000/2000 x 7.42 = 14.14¢

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#### SAMPLE CALCULATION

RUN NO. 1. May 2, 1910. CALORIFIC VALUE OF COAL.

" " coal burned - - - - - .5659 "

Time Reading Time Reading 12:07 2.39 12:14 7.20 :07-1/2 2.92 :14-1/2 7.17 :08 3.34 :15 7.15 :08-1/2 3.97 :15-1/2 7.13 :09 4.43 :16 7.13 :09-1/2 5.03 :16-1/2 7.12 :10 5.59 :17 7.12 :10-1/2 5.88 :17-1/2 7.11 :18 7.10 :11 6.17 :11-1/2 6.49 :18-1/2 7.09 :19 7.08 :12 6.76 :12-1/2 6.94 :19-1/2 7.06 :20 7.04 :13 7.12 :20-1/2 7.02 :13-1/2 7.20 :13-3/4 7.21 Radiation Correction . : . . : . 1 . : . ----

gm.

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

RUN NO.1

MAY 2, 1910.

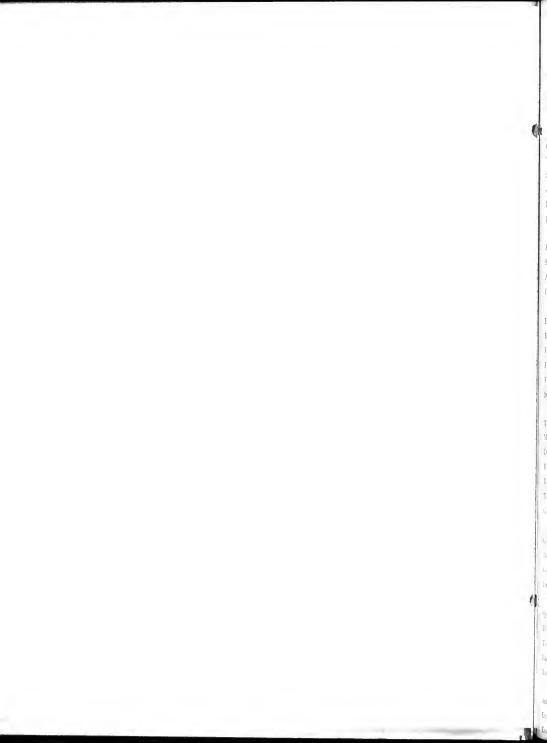
#### CALORIFIC VALUE OF COAL.

Actual rise in temperature 7.21 - 2.39	<b>4.82.</b>
Radiation correction 7.21 - 7.02	<b>=</b> .19.
Correct rise	5.01.
Wt. of coal used	.5659
$\frac{5.01 \times 3.2 \times 453.6}{5659} = 12,850 \text{ B.t.v.}$	
Calorimiter constant	3.2
Moisture in Coal	5.11%
Percentage ash	8.62



### RUNNINGLOG

	TEST_	Donat Dealer Store				Арив, 2,	,70	АМ
Time	Press	Fvel	Meter	Tem Feed	berati Flue	ire Cal	0	C Oz
9:00	100	0	9950	174	6/0	228		
9:30	82	304.0	0337	168		239	9.5	4.5
10:00	97	3195	0337	168	625	229	9.5	5.0
10:30	98	32 7.0	0570	163		239		
11:00	92	3080	0786	168	630	237	and the sale	
11:30	98	3030	0787	/6/		233	4.3	
12:00	94	9680	1089	160	625	23/		
12:30	92	3/20	1287	100	7-24-6	232	90	4.8
1:00	100	3515	1333	151	820	233		
1:33	78	3635	1553	164	620	220	98	50
1:44	93	1185	1686	151		238		
Total		3/860	1786				eth je	
AV	93./			162.7	622	2325	94	48
-De,	bth of	Fuel					5.	4"
Spe	red of a	Prate 1	t ber h	47			9.	
Dri	aft Inc	ches V	Vater				//8	<u>"</u>
Wei	ight of	Wet F	Refuse			- 5 m/ 11 d	921	11-
Lei	ngth o	f Run					4.4	9
					A.A.	Byers		Carrelly Carrelly
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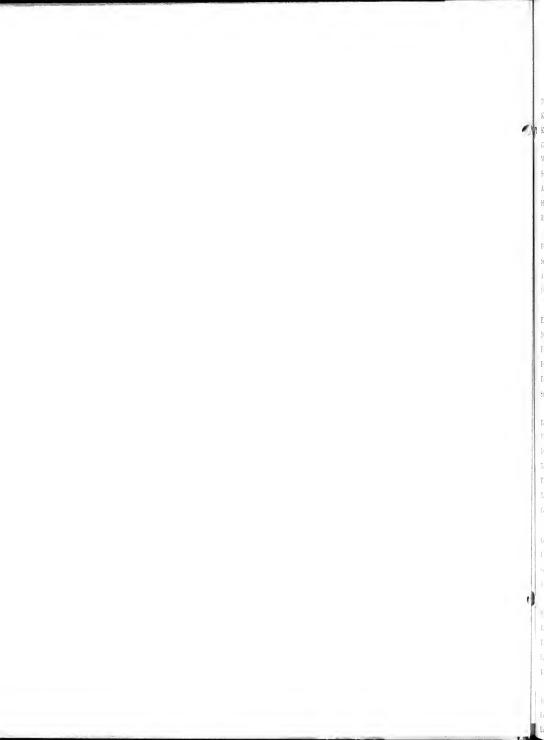


Report of Boiler Test made At	arm	vur In	stitute of Fechnolo	gy.	
For Thesis		No1	Date May	1 2, 19	10
Duration of Trial,	hours.	4.73	EVAPORATION.	,	
Kind of Boiler,		Stirting	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIRED		
Kind of Grate,		mª Kenzie	Apparent,	Ilis.	7.15
Grate Surface, length 9/2 ft., width 5/4 ft.	sq. ft.	50	Actual,	lbs.	6.93
Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	7.34
Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	none	PER POUND DRY COAL.		
Area, Chimney,	sq. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	lbs.	7.54
Height, Chimney,	ſt.	175	Actual,	llis.	7.3
Ratio Heating to Grate Surface,		40:1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	7.74
AVERAGE PRESSURES.			PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBLE,		
Barometer, ins. m	iercury.	29.5	Apparent,	lbs.	8.25
Steam Gauge, ll-s. pe	r sq. in.	93.1	Actual,	lbs.	7.99
Absolute Steam Pressure, lbs. pe	r sq. in.	107.6	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	9.47
Draught Gauge, ins	. water.	107.6	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE PR	ER HOUR,	
AVERAGE TEMPERATURES.		18	Actual,	lbs.	1.86
External Air,	deg. F.	48	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	1.97
Boiler Room,	deg. F.	61	HORSE POWER.		•
Flue,	deg. F.	622	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	Н. Р.	143.3
Furnace,	deg. F.		Builders Rating,	Н. Р.	200
Feed Water,	deg. F.	162.7	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		.573
Steam,	deg. F.	232.5	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		-
FUEL.			Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	3186	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
Moisture in Coal,	lbs.	162.8	Moisture,	per cent.	5.1
Dry Coal Consumed,	lbs.	3023.2	Ash, Dry Coal Basis	per cent.	8.62
Total Refuse, Dry,	lbs.	4524	Combustible, " "	per cent.	91.3
Total Refuse, Dry Coal Basis	er cent.	14.69	Calorific Value per lb. of Fuel as Fired,	B. T. U.	11904
Total Combustible,	lbs.	2763.2	Calorific Value per lb. of dry Fuel,	B. T.U	12544
Combustible, Dry Cool Basis	er cent.	91.4	Calorific Value per lb. of Combustible,	B. T. U.	13,750
FUEL PER HOUR.			Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal,	B. T. U.	11,650
Coal as Fired per hour,	lbs.	673.8	Heat Generated per hour per lb. of Combu	stible as	
Dry Coal, per hour,	lbs.	639.37	Fired,	в. т. С.	12,710
Combustible, per hour,	lbs.	584.1	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb, dry coal,	B. T. U.	7,740
Dry Coal, per sq. foot of Grate,	lbs.	12.78	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb, of Combu-	stible as	- /
TOTAL WATER.		•	Burned,	В. Т. С.	9,120
Quality of Steam,	per cent.	96.8	Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,	per cent.	61.75
Total Weight Water Used,	lbs.	22,798	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent.	6125
Total Evaporated into Dry Steam,	lbs.	22,079	COST OF VAPORATING WAT	ER.	
Factor of Evaporation,		1.06	Cost of Coal, Dollars per ton,		2.10
Total from and at 212°,	lbs.	23,404	Cost of Evap, 1,000 lbs. of Water from and	at 212°,	14.34
			Auth y Time		5:"
WATER PER HOUR.			Dipin of sice	^	~ 4
	lbs.	4820	Grate Speed in jeet per to	lour	9.32
WATER PER HOUR.	lbs.	4820 4666	Depth of Fire Grate Speed in Jeet fer to	lour	14.3 ¢ 5 ‡ 9.32



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330	89	3635	2638	170	940	213		
400	80	3695	2937	166	825	239	9.5	35
4.30	. 75	1990	3210	167		238	ment of	No.
5.00	80	1225	3474	180	630	238		
5.50	7.5	4850	3807	182	625	235	9.5	6.7
600	83	1200	4005	157	807	235		
6.30	73	4320	4200	/88	600	226	2.00	
7:00	83	6220	4525	179	580	231	10 20 M	7 ( 0 - 1
7.30	103	4315	4790	177	600	238		
8.05	90	4300	5175	112	840	237	95	66
8.30	95	9175	5380	152	620	237		
855	77	8290	5690	159	620	228		
9:30	79	1905	5992	158	820	222	-dia	4.1
9.48	88	3700	6227	156	820	224		-3
Total	E 130 44	68070	9082			9. A. C	a.C	
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Deh	th of	Fuel	The Control	3.	19 74 ha	one of the second	5 <b>%</b>	"
Spec	ed of G	rate, F	t. her H	<b>X</b>			13	67/
Dra	ft. Inc	hes W	ater				/a'	2.5
Wei	pht of	Wet A	efuse	12		3/	062	5"
Len	gth o	Aun					Th	15
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For Thesis	-No 2	,	Date May 2 (P.M)
Donal - f met t			• 0

For Thesis		···· No .	nsulute of Seenn 2 Date M	ology.	₽M)
Duration of Trial,	hours,	7.01	EVAPORATION.	O	
Kind of Boiler,		Stirling	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FI	ŒD	
Kind of Grate,		Stirling Mc Kenzie	Apparent,	lhs	6.88
Grate Surface, length 9/2 ft., w	idth <b>5</b> % ft. sq. ft.	50	Actual,	11145	6.68
Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	His.	7.04
Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	none	PER POUND DRY COAL.		7.07
Area, Chimney,	sq. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	Ilis.	7.24
Height, Chimney,	ft.	175	Actual,	llis.	7.04
Ratio Heating to Grate Surface	,	40:1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	Ilis.	7.42
AVERAGE PRES	SURES.		PER POUND OF COMBUSTIB	LE.	7.7~
Parometer,	ins, mercury.	29.5	Apparent,	lbs.	7.93
Steam Gauge,	lhs, per sq. in.	82.03	Actual,	lhs.	7.79
Absolute Steam Pressure,	lbs. per sq. in.	96.53	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lhs.	8.12
Draught Gauge,	ins, water,	8	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE	PER HOUR.	0,12
AVERAGE TEMPE	RATURES.	8	Actual,	llıs.	n =0
External Air,	deg. F.	54	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	2.59
		U 4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2.74

198.3

200

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5.1

8.62

91.38

11904

12,544

13,750

12,000

13,180

7425

8430

54.25

62.3

2.10

14.9,\$

13.67

H. P.

H. P.

per cent.

per cent.

per cent.

per cent.

per cent.

B. T. U.

B.TU.

B. T. U.

per cent.

HORSE POWER.

ANALYSIS OF FUEL.

On basis 341/2 lbs. equiv, evap. per hour,

Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,

Dry Coal Basis

Calorific Value per lb, of Fuel as Fired,

Calorific Value per lb, of Combustible,

Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal,

Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. dry coal,

Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,

Cost of Coal, Dollars per ton,

Heat Generated per hour per lb, of Combustible as

Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. of Combustible as

COST OF VAPORATING WATER.

Cost of Evap. 1,000 lbs. of Water from and at 212°,

Depth of fire Speed of Grate in seel per hour

Calorific Value per lb. of dry Fuel,

Builders Rating,

Fixed Carbon.

Volatile Matter,

Combustible, "

Fired.

Burned.

Efficiency of Boiler,

Moisture,

FUEL.

Dry Coal Basis

TOTAL WATER.

WATER PER HOUR.

Boiler Room,

Feed Water,

Total Coal Consumed.

Dry Coal Consumed,

Total Refuse, Dry,

Total Refuse, Dry,

Total Combustible,

Coal as Fired per hour,

Combustible, per hour,

Dry Coal, per sq. foot of Grate,

Total Evaporated into Dry Steam,

Amount Used, Apparently Evaporated,

Total Weight Water Used,

Factor of Evaporation,

Total from and at 212°.

Evaporated into Dry Steam,

Evaporated from and at 212°,

Dry Coal, per hour,

Quality of Steam,

Combustible,

Moisture in Coal,

Flue.

Furnace,

Steam.

- lbs.
- lbs.
  - lbs. lhs.

per cent.

lbs.

lbs.

lbs.

deg. F.

deg. F.

deg. F.

deg. F.

deg. F.

lbs.

lbs.

lbs.

lbs.

per cent.

per cent.

62

617.7

168.1

6807

347.8

6459.2

784.69

12.1

5903.7

91.4

971.04

921.5

842.1

16.19

97.2

46,826

45,515

47973

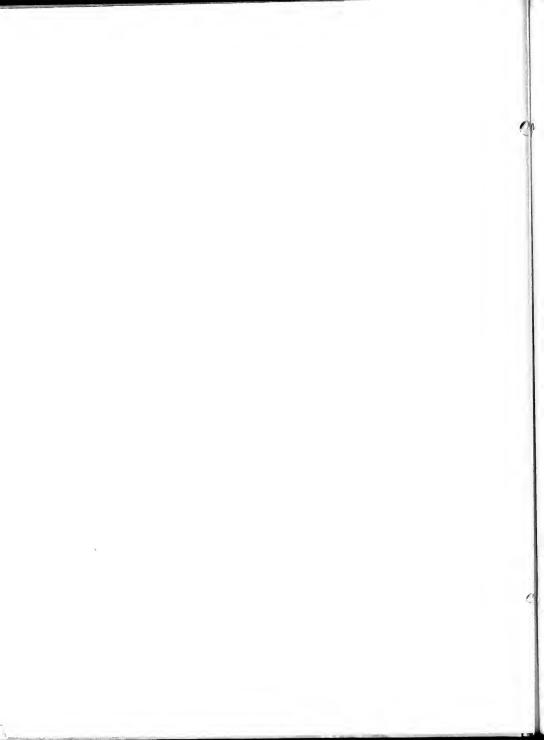
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6843.6

1.054

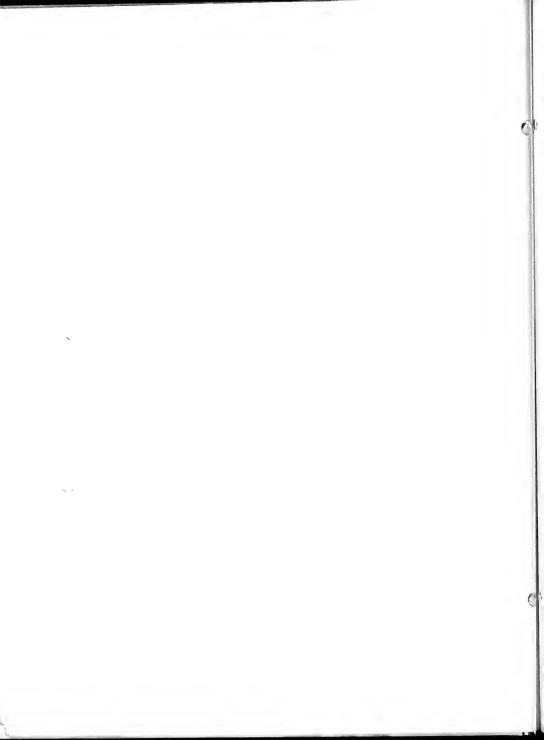
233.5



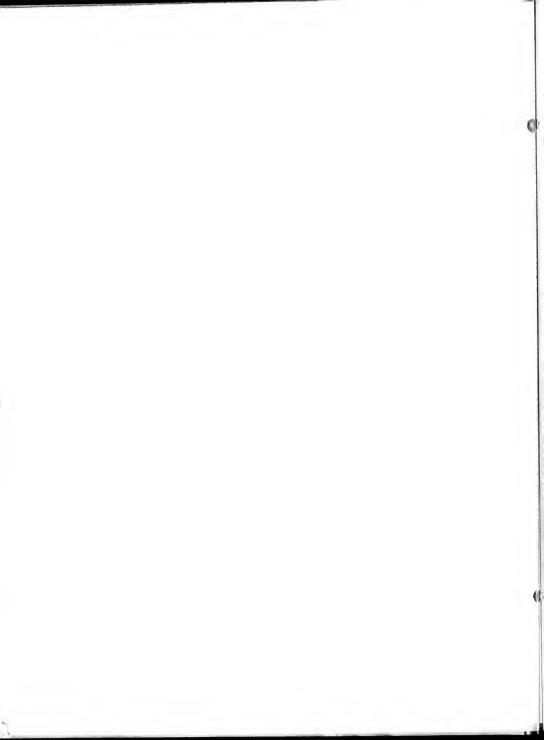
		· /	RUNNI	NG 10	OG.		15.00		
TEST NO.3 April 3 10 AM									
Time	Press	Fuel	Meter		perati Flue		0	C.O2	
7:20	95	0	8531	163		234		and the same	
8:00	94	6060	9015	152	2/4 1, 2, 4	235	6.5	1.5	
8:30	10.7	744.5	9208	184	600	237			
9:00	80	2865	9563	168	530	226			
9:30	110.	5810	0930	169	825	239			
10:00	75	552.5	0300	188	550	218	90	<i>5.5</i>	
10:30	93	6610	0710	153	607	233	4		
11:00	85	4870	1085	157	585	228	52	7.8	
11:30	100	5630	1277	119	580	221			
12:00	105	543.0	1586	170	550	23/			
12:30	107	406.0	1903	142	600	233			
1:00	97	3985	2037	169	600	226	95	66	
1:30	79	470.0	2360	158	540	2/8			
2:00	102	4085	2804	152	600	242			
2:22	95	3800	2803	163	585	230			
Total		7/04.5	4410						
Ave	949			162.4	581	229.8	7.5	6.1	
De	bth of	Fuel		-t- mid	1	The last	6	1/2"	
Spice	eed of	Grate	Ft/HY				10	18'	
	aft /						1	8"	
	ight o						/3 <u>5</u>	8.5	
	ngh o	100					7:0		
	2				AA	Byers			
					D.A.	Young			

R

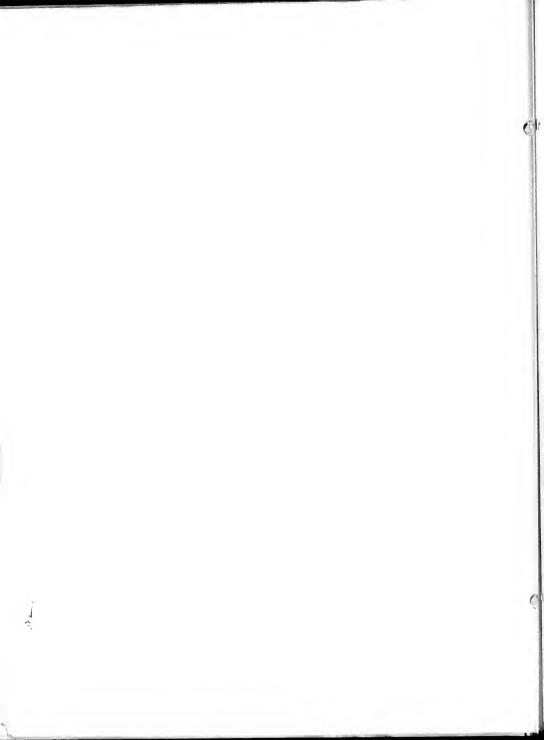
Report of Boiler Test made		Α	titute of Technology		
For Thesis		No. 3	00 dlas	, 3, 1910(A	(M)
Duration of Trial,	hours.	7.03	EVAPORATION.		
Kind of Boiler,		Stirling	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIREI	0	
Kind of Grate,		donationi	Apparent,	lhs.	6.98
Grate Surface, length ft., width	ft. sq. ft.	30	Actual,	lbs.	6.78
Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lhs.	7.42
Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	done	PER POUND DRY COAL.		
Area, Chimney,	sq. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	lbs.	7.35
Height, Chimney,	ſt.	175	Actual,	lbs.	7.14
Ratio Heating to Grate Surface,		40:1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	1115.	7.82
AVERAGE PRESSUR	ES.		PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBLE		,
Barometer,	ins, mercury.		Apparent,	lhs.	8.07
Steam Gauge,	lbs, per sq. in.	94.93	Actual,	lbs.	7.84
Absolute Steam Fressure,	lbs. per sq. in.	109.33	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	8.56
Draught Gauge,	ins, water.	1/8"	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE F	ER HOUR.	
AVERAGE TEMPERATE	JRES.		Actual,	11 s.	2.82
External Air,	deg. F.	52	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	3.00
Boiler Room,	deg. F.	61	HORSE POWER.		
Flue,	deg. F.	581	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	Н. Р.	217.3
Furnace,	deg. F.		Builders Rating,	Н. Р.	2000
Feed Water,	deg. F.	162.5	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		87.0%
Steam, Calorimeter	deg. F.	233.0	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		
FUEL.			Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	7104.5	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
Moisture in Coal;	lbs.	363	Moisture,	per cent.	5.11
Dry Coal Consumed,	lbs.	6741.5	Ash, dry coal bacus	per cent.	8.62
Total Refuse, Dry,	lbs.	1088.	Combustible,	per cent.	9138
Total Refuse, Dry, day, Iron	per cent.	16.2	Calorific Value per lb. of Fuel as Fired,	B. T. U.	11,900
Total Combustible,  Total Combustible,	lbs.	6162	Calorific Value per lb. of dry Fuel,	18. T. U. Pur cont.	12,544
Combustible, Charles	per cent.	91.4	Calorific Value per lb. of Combustible,	в. т. U.	13727
Combustible, Ony base	1.	• ,	Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal	, B. T. U.	10580
Coal as Fired per hour,	lbs.	1010.6	Heat Generated per hour per lb. of Combi	estible as	
Dry Coal, per hour,	lbs.	959.	Fired,	B. T. U.	12546.
Combustible, per hour,	lbs.	876.5	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb, dry coal,	B. T. U.	7580
Dry Coal, per sq. foot of Grate,	lbs.	18.2	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. of Combi	ustible as	9042
TOTAL WATER.			Burned,	B. T. U.	9042
Quality of Steam,	per cent.	96.9	Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,	Fer cent.	60.4
Total Weight Water Used,	lbs.	49914	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent.	65.8
Total Evaporated into Dry Steam,	lbs.	48438	COST OF VAPORATING WAT	TER.	
Factor of Evaporation,		1.0620	Cost of Coal, Dollars per ton,		<sup>8</sup> 2.10
Total from and at 212°,	lbs.	53,0//	Cost of Evap, L000 lbs, of Water from an	d at 212°,	14.14 \$
WATER PER HOU	R.	) .	Depth of Five		14.14 \$ 6 1/2 10.78
Amount Used, Apparently Evapora	ited, lbs.	7060	Depth of Fire Speed of Grate in ft.pe	r Lour	10.78
Evaporated into Dry Steam,	llis.	0001	D 8 0		
Evaporated from and at 212°,	lbs.	7498			



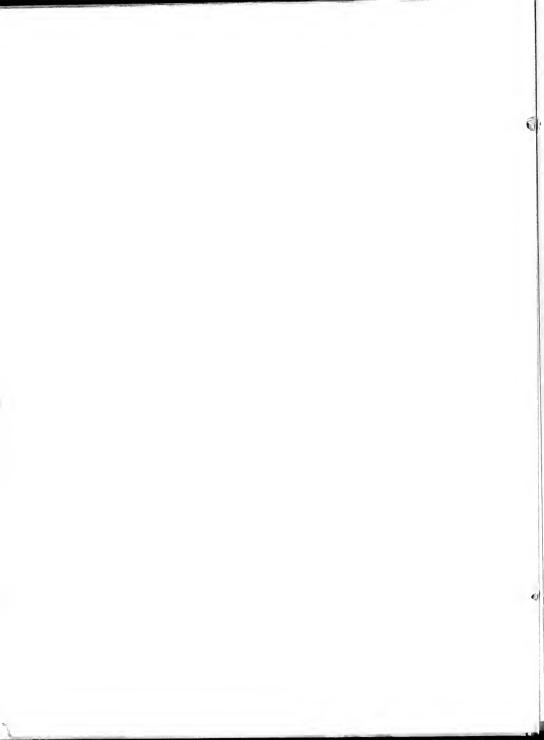
15	RUNNING LOG								
_7	TEST	NO. 4			- 1 <sup>2</sup> -	April,3,	10	P.M.	
Time	Pyess.	Fvel	Meter	Tem Feed	perati Flue	re Cal	0	C 02	
3.25	110	0	3451	193	825	240	90	7.0	
4:00	92	490.0	3973	158	580	228			
4:30	95	434.5	4235	159	590	240	=		
5:00	93	1055	1466	163	580	237			
5:30	97	4/7.5	4596	171	600	239	8.5	6.5	
8:00	70	344.5	1907	158	560	221	3		
6:30	78	4/60	5146	157	570	225		1771 1780	
7:00	96	1230	5332	171	1.00	237			
7:30	85	1800	5713	188	620	235	9.5	6.7	
8:00	81	4200	5967	167		237		1	
8:30	96	469.5	6104	178	625	239			
9:00	87	4795	6383	160	620	225	- 7		
9.30	92	403.5	6587	168	620	239	9.5	6.6	
9:35	81	1500	6598	188	6/0	238			
Total		53385	3/47	2339				13.00	
Av.	90			167.0	600	2343	9.4	6.7	
				11.00				" "	
Dε	pth of	Fue/					-	1/2"	
3/5	eed of	Grate	, Ft./Hr				A COLUMN TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY	32'	
Di	aft -1	nches	Water				4	8"_	
We	eight o	y Wet	Refus	e			104	15	
Le	ngth o	AUn					6.	10	
7	1				AA	Byers	3		
lan.					DA	Young		PA	



	Report of Boiler Test made	At (	Urmon d	nstitute of Technology		
	For T	heoir	No	W.	y, 3, 1910 (PM)	
	Duration of Trial,	hours.	6.17	EVAPORATION.	,	
	Kind of Boiler,		Stirling	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIRE	.1)	
	Kind of Grate,		do i stanzie	Apparent,	lbs. 7.00	
	Grate Surface, length ft., width	ft. sq. ft.	50	Actual,	1bs 6.83	
	Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	£ <b>0</b> 00	Equivalent from and at 212°,	IIIs. 244	
	Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	Sone	PER POUND DRY COAL.	,,,,	
	Area, Chimney,	sq. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	lbs. 238	
	Height, Chimney,	ſt.	125	Actual,	lbs. 7.20	
	Ratio Heating to Grate Surface,		40.1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs. 7.85	
	AVERAGE PRESSUR	ES.	, 0.7	PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBL		
	Barometer,	ins. mercury.	29.5	Apparent,	lbs. 8.06	
	Steam Gauge,	lbs, per sq. in.	90.0	Actual,	lbs. 7.88	
	Absolute Steam Pressure,	lbs. per sq. in.	104.4	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lls. 8.56	
	Draught Gauge,	ins. water.	1/8"	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE	PER HOUR.	
	AVERAGE TEMPERATO	JRES.	,•	Actual,	lbs. 2.43	3
	External Air,	deg. F.	56	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs. 2.57	
	Boiler Room,	deg. F.	12	HORSE POWER.	2.07	
	Flue,	deg. F.	600	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	H. P. 186,5	<u></u>
	Furnace,	deg. F.	<i>w</i> cc	Builders Rating,	H. P. 280	
	Feed Water,	deg. F.	167	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating		
	Steam, Calorimeter	deg. F.	238	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.	7 777	
	FUEL.		200	Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
	Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	533%5	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
	Moisture in Coal,	lbs.	2123	Moisture, wet wal basis	per cent. 51/	
	Dry Coal Consumed,	lbs.	5067.2	Ash, dry roal baser	per cent. 8.62	
	Total Refuse, Dry,	lbs.	837./	Combustible, Chy roal basis	per cent. 9/.38	
	Total Refuse, Dry, day Jania	per cent.	16.5	Calorific Value per IV of Fuel as Fired,	B. T. U. //, 90	0
	Total Refuse, Dry, Total Combustible,  dry basis	llos.	4631.4	Calorific Value per lb. of dry Fuel,	S.T.U. 12,54	
	Combustible,	per cent.	91.4	Calorific Value per lb, of Combustible,	B. T. U. 1372:	
	FUEL PER HOUR	ري. ١.	777.1	Heat Generated per hour per lb, dry coa	_	
	Coal as Fired per hour,	lbs.	865,3	Heat Generated per hour per lb. of Comb		
	Dry Coal, per hour,	lbs.	821, E	Fired,	B. T. U. 1264	o
	Combustible, per hour,	lbs.	750.6	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb, dry coal	,	
	Dry Coal, per sq. foot of Grate,	lbs.	16.4	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb, of Comb		
	TOTAL WATER.		7 0 2 7	Burned,	в. т. С. 90 <b>9</b> 9	7
3	Quality of Steam,	per cent.	925	Ffficiency of Boiler and Grate,	per cent. 60.6	
	Total Weight Water Used,	lbs.	37,390	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent. 66.3	
	Total Evaporated into Dry Steam,	lbs.	36,452	COST OF VAPORATING WA	00.0	
	Factor of Evaporation,		1.0617	Cost of Coal, Pollars per ton,	\$ 2.10	
	Total from and at 212°,	ibs.	39,638	Cost of Evap. 1,000 lbs. of Water from a		ŧ
	WATER PER HOU	R.	01,000		, , , , ,	
	Amount Used, Apparently Evapora	ted, lbs.	6060	Speed of Grale in St per	. hour . 9.32	
	Evaporated into Dry Steam,	ll-s.	5908		,	
	Evaporated from and at 212°,	lbs.	6934			
						ŵ



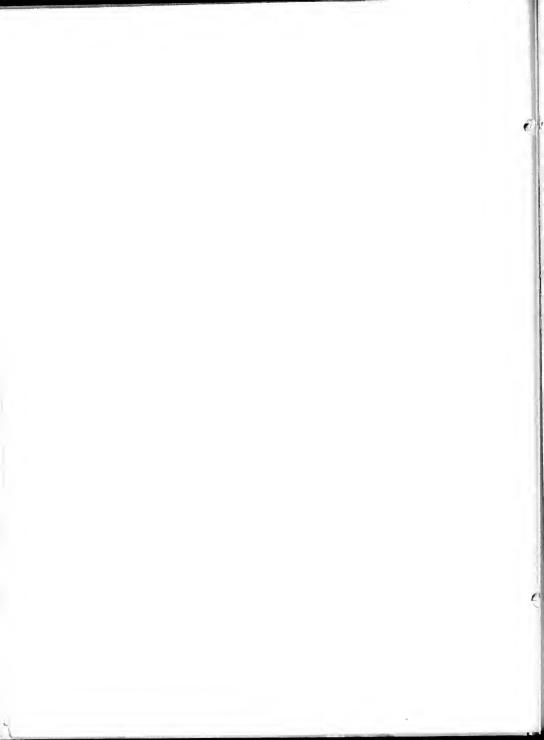
	RUNNING LOG								
_2	TEST NO.5 May A, 10 AM								
Time	Press	Fuel	Neter	Tem Feed	peratu Flue	re Cal	0 002		
7.30	95	0	9356	166	575	239			
8.00	97	6335	9536	156	620	237			
8:30	98	5805	9820	118	620	238	6.0 4.0		
9:00	97	4350	0282	168	580	238			
9:30	96	4/8.0	0338	168	585	239			
10:00	93	425.0	0599	162	580	238			
10:30	85	432.0	0935	183	595	235	22.		
11:00	86	9841	1153	167	580	228	20 60		
11:30	0.6	360.5	1279	112	580	228	3-1		
12:00	80	422.5	1535	144	580	223			
12:30	87	4280	1797	140	580	229			
1:00	97	47/5	1937	118	627	232			
1:43	93	3975	2160	166	605	239	9.5 5.5		
Total		53920	2804						
Av.	9/4			1600	5928	234	B.3 5.2		
	Depth	of Fue	/				7.12"		
	Speed			Hr			6.82		
	Dra/t						1/8"		
	weight						1085		
	Length	-					613		
N. Contraction	J				_1	AA BK	ers		
			3.0		L	1.A. You	79		



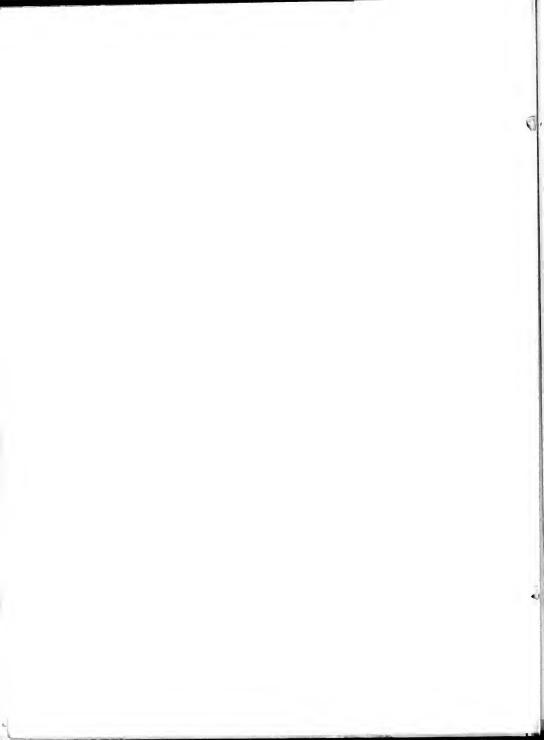
141	ARMOU		E OF TECHNOLOGY		
Report of Boiler Test m	ade At Urv	nour Fr	rstitute of Fichnology		
For Thesis		· No &	The	14,19	10
Duration of Trial,	liours.	6.21	EVAPORATION.		
Kind of Boiler,		Stirling M=Kenzie 50	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIRED		
Kind of Grate,		mª Kenzie	Apparent,	11,5	6.37
Grate Surface, length 9/2 ft., wi	$dth \mathcal{S}_{4}^{\prime}$ ft. sq. ft.	'50°	Actual,	11,~.	6.19
Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11	6.70
Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	none	PER POUND DRY COAL.		
Area, Chimney,	sq. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	11.4.	6.71
Height, Chimney,	ſt.	175	Actual,	lbs.	6.52
Ratio Heating to Grate Surface,		40:1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	His.	7.15
AVERAGE PRES	SURES.	•	PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBLE.		
Barometer,	ins. mercury.	29.5	Apparent,	Ibs.	7.34
Steam Gauge,	lbs. per sq. in.	92.2	Actual,	lbs.	7.11
Absolute Steam Pressure,	lbs. per sq. in.	106.7	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11.~.	7.82
Draught Gauge,	ins. water.	106.7 క్ల	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE PER	R HOUR,	
AVERAGE TEMPER	RATURES.	В	Actual,	Dis.	2.21
External Mir,	deg. F.	5R	Equivalent from and at 212°,	His.	2.35
T. II. D.		2~			

Darometer,	ms. merenry.	29.5	Apparent,	103,	7.34
Steam Gauge,	lbs, per sq. in.	92.2	Actual,	lbs.	7.11
Absolute Steam Pressure,	Ibs. per sq. in.	106.7	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11.5.	7.82
Draught Gauge,	ins. water.	18	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE I	ER HOUR.	
AVERAGE TEMPER	ATURES.	8	Actual,	llis.	2.21
External Air,	deg. F.	52	Equivalent from and at 212°,	His.	2.35
Boiler Room,	deg. F.	65	HORSE POWER.		
Flue,	deg. F.	593	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	Н. Р.	170.5
Furnace,	deg. F.	161.	Builders Rating,	Н. Р.	200
Feed Water,	deg. F.	238	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		68.2%
Steam,	deg. F.	~00	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		
FUEL.		4	Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	5392	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
	11	-			

		8			
AVERAGE TEMPERATURES.		O	Actual,	llis.	2.21
External Air,	deg. F.	52	Equivalent from and at 212°,	His.	2.35
Boiler Room,	deg. F.	65	HORSE POWER.		
Flue,	deg. F.	593	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	Н. Р.	170.5
Furnace,	deg. F.	161.	Builders Rating,	Н. Р.	200
Feed Water,	deg. F.	238	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		68.2%
Steam,	deg. F.		ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		
FUEL.		4	Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	5392	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
Moisture in Coal,	lbs.	279.3	Moisture, Dry Coal Basis	per cent.	5.4
Dry Coal Consumed,	lbs.	5112.7	Ash,	per cent.	8.6
Total Refuse, Dry,	lbs.	909.5	Combustible, " "	per cent.	914
Total Refuse, Dry. Dry Cool Basis	per cent.	17.78	Calorific Value per lb. of Fuel as Fired,	В. Т. ∪.	11,147
Total Combustible, as Fired.	lbs.	4673	Calorific Value per lb, of dry Fuel,	B. T. U	11,750
Combustible, Dry Coal Basis	per cent.	91.4	Calorific Value per lb, of Combustible,	B. T. U.	13,662
FUEL PER HOUR.		,	Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal,	в. т. с.	10,671
Coal as Fired per hour,	llis.	867	Heat Generated per hour per lb. of Combu	stable as	,
Dry Coal, per hour,	lbs.	823.3	Fired,	B. T. U.	124078
Combustible, per hour,	lbs.	666.1	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb, dry coal,	B. T. U.	6,940
Dry Coal, per sq. foot of Grate.	lbs.	16.46	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. of Combu	stible as	-, , ,
TOTAL WATER.			Burned,	B. T. U.	8475
Quality of Steam,	per cent.	97.2	Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,	per cent.	59.17
Total Weight Water Used.	lbs.	34318	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent.	62.2
Total Evaporated into Dry Steam.	llis.	33354	COST OF VAPORATING WAT	ER.	
Factor of Evaporation,		1.0659	Cost of Coal, Pollars per ton,		2.10
Total from and at 212°,	11,5	36579	Cost of Evap. L000 Ibs of Water from and	at 212°,	1534
WATER PER HOUR.			Depth of Fire		7.5"
Amount Used, Apparently Evaporated,	ibs.	5520	Speed of Grale It per	hour	6.82
Evaporated into Dry Steam,	llis.	5365	-, 0		
Evaporated from and at 212°,	lbs.	5883			



		2	RUNN)	NG LO	06			7
_7	EST	NO 6				May,+	10	PN
Time	Press	Fue/	Meter	Ten Feed	perati Flue	ire Cal	0	C 02
2:30	87	0	2364	158	600	235		
3:00	30	272.5	2496	153	615	239	10	5.5
3:30	85	331.5	2746	159	600	23/		
4:00	86	341.5	2867	155	600	231		
4:30	88	450.5	3080	174	600	233		
5:00	86	559.0	3209	157	800	224		
5:30	108	4035	3599	/63	600	238	7.0	60
6:00	108	458.5	3794	176	800	224		
6:30	82	3525	4/27	152	580	225	10 G	
7:00	100	402.0	1285	163	605	232		Te all
7:30	102	402.0	4576	168	800	240	C	
8:00	89	4275	4904	182	605	238	85	65
8:30	86	4935	5086	165	600	233	3	
Total		1811.5						
Av.	920		2722	164	600	2325	85	6.0
1	Depth	of Fue.	/				7)	b"
	beed a	the second second second		yr			51	14
	raft i	1000					1/2	8"
h	leight !	of Wet	Refus	e			7	80
	ength	_					6	a
					_/1	A Bye	¥5	
					D	A Youn	g	

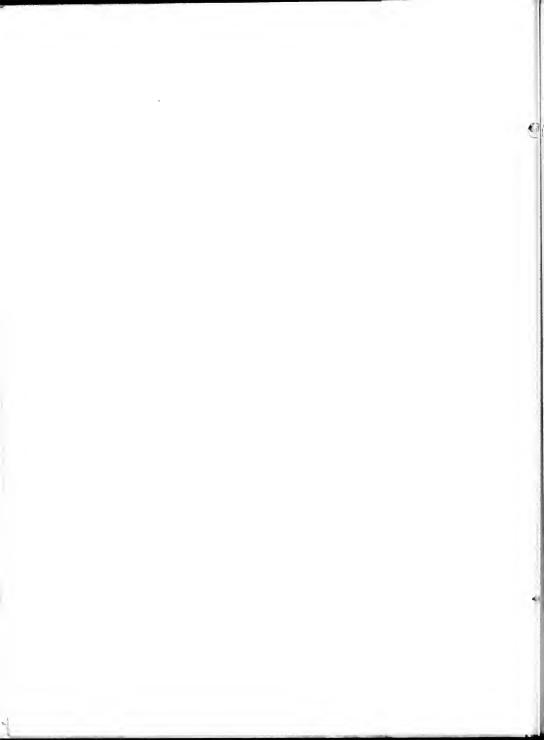


# Mechanical Engineering Laboratory

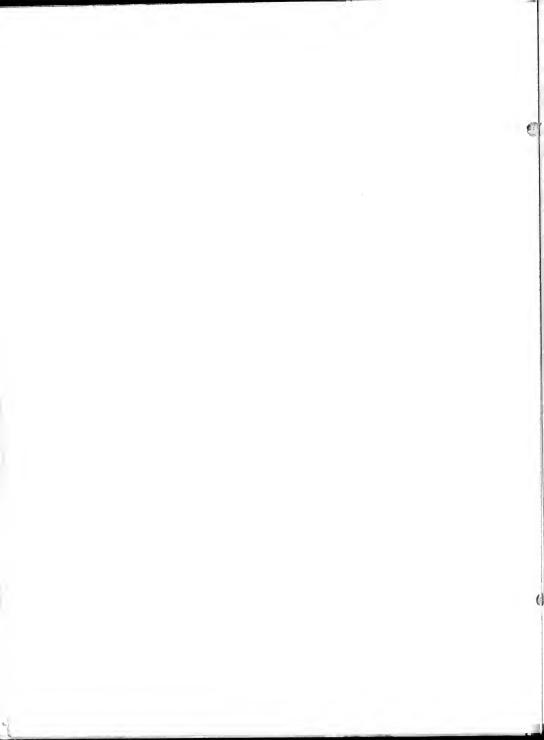
	ARMOU	R INSTITUT	E OF TECHNOLOGY		
Report of Boller Test	t made At a	rmoin In	estatute of Clechnology		
For	There		Date Abay	1 4 19/6	(RM)
ror	State	No 6	Bate (May	, 5.71	6 1.7
Duration of Trial,	hours.	$\theta$	EVAPORATION.		
Kind of Boiler,		Stuling	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIRED		
Kind of Grate,	//	do Fixtengue	Apparent,	1}1~	6.82
Grate Surface, length 9/2 it	. ,	30	Actual,	II is	665
Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11,5.	7.32
Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	None	PER POUND DRY COAL.		
Area, Chimney,	sq. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	11 ~.	7.19
Height, Chimney,	ft.	175	Actual,	llis.	7.01
Ratio Heating to Grate Sur	lace,	40:1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	II.s.	7.60
AVERAGE PI			PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBLE.		~ ~ ~
Barometer,	ins, mercury.	29.5	Apparent,	llis.	8.23
Steam Gauge,	lbs, per sq. in.	92.0	Actual,	lbs.	803
Absolute Steam Fressure,	lbs. per sq. in.	106.5	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11,	8.71
Draught Gauge,	ins. water.	18	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE P		
AVERAGE TEM			Actual,	lbs.	2.16
External Air,	deg. F.	32	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	2.34
Boiler Room,	deg. F.	<i>63</i>	HORSE POWER.		
Ilie,	deg. F.	600	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	H. P.	169
Furnace,	deg. F.		Builders Rating,	Н. Р.	200
Feed Water,	deg. F.	164.2	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		67.6%
Steam, Calorime		236.	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		
FUE		40	Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	1844.5	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	1' 1
Moisture in Coal,	5.196 lbs.	217.1	Moisture,	per cent.	3.1
Dry Coal Consumed,	lbs.	4597.4	Ash, Dry Basis	per cent.	8.62
Total Refuse, Dry,		669	Combustible, Dry Basis	per cent. B. T. U.	91.38
	sture 14.2) per cent.	14,6	Calorific Value per lb. of Fuel as Fired,	BTU	11,900
Total Combustible,		4090.8	Calorific Value per lb. of dry Fuel, Calorific Value per lb. of Combustible,	B. T. U.	12.594
Combustible, Dry Con	a, Busie	<i>88.98</i>	Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal,		13,727
	lbs.	0041	Heat Generated per hour per lb, of Combu		11,79/
Coal as Fired per hour,	lbs.	807.4	Fired,	B. T. U.	10015
Dry Coal, per hour, Combustible, per hour,	lbs.	7662	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. dry coal,	В. Т. С.	12217
•		681.8	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. of Combu		73895
Dry Coal, per sq. foot of G	30	13.3	Burned,	B. T. U.	86103
	per cent.	071-	Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,	per cent.	86493
Quality of Steam,  Total Weight Water Used,	•	97.5 33.06.0	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent.	58.9 62.8
Total Evaporated into Dry		33060 32231	COST OF VAPORATING WAT	•	06.0
Factor of Evaporation,	0.000)	10598	Cost of Coal, Pollars per ton,		210
Total from and at 2129,	ibs.	35037	Cost of Evap. 1,000 lbs. of Water from and	1 at 212°.	R.10
WATER P		00001	- 1		14.34 ¢ 7½
Amount Used, Apparently		5510	Depth of Fire Speed of Frale in fleer	Emili	5.04
		JJIV	Speed of which the ples	,,,,,,,	0.07

lbs. 5839.5

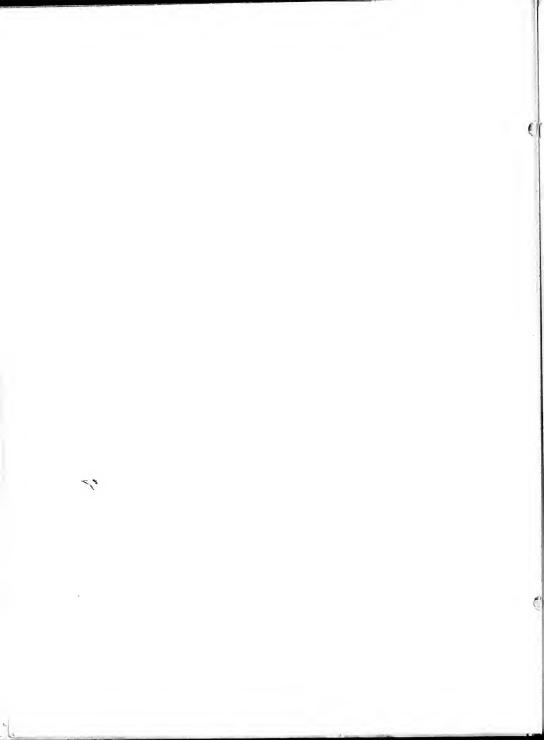
Evaporated into Dry Steam, Evaporated from and at 212°,



RUNNING LOG										
TFST NO.7 May 12, 10										
Time	Press	Fuel	Meter	Tem Feed	perati Five	iye Cai	0	C 02		
8.45	100	0	3125	141"	600	230				
9:15	100		3247	137	550	242				
9:15	89	832,2	36//	179	600	238	82	7.0		
10:15	9.5		3832	198	560	238				
10.45	105	8080	3989	159	6/5	240	nc.	re y		
11:15	95		1271	164	510	240	9.0	60		
11:45	102	811.7	4409	152	560	238				
12:15	106		1762	151	360	238	7.5	85		
12:45	100	8107	5060	149	550	232		14		
1:15	110		5223	144	585	238	90	7.0		
1:45	90	9245	5662	150	580	239				
2:15	105	(4 <u>)</u>	5872	190	600	234	10.6	7.5		
2:45	103	9982	5880	193	610	232	9.5	65		
3:15	100		6432	185	375	233	95	6.5		
3:45	104	944,3	6834	189	6/5	233	9.7	62		
Total		63588	3709							
Av.	97.2			162.7	390	236.0	9.1	6.9		
$D\epsilon$	pth of	Fuel					5	*"		
36	eed of	Grate	FI/HY				10	9.95'		
	aft, 1						4	/8"		
ALC: N	eight c						106	25**		
The second second	ngtho	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF					7:0	00		
1	-				AA	Byers				
					D.A.	Young	25			
D.A. Young										

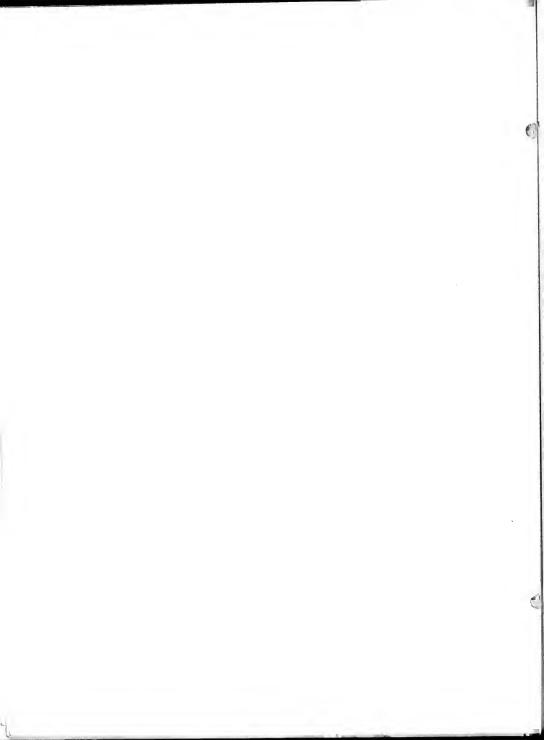


Report of Boiler	Test made At	a	rmon Ins	tulut of Technology		
For	Theris		#1 <sub>7</sub>	Date Hay	,11,1910	0
Duration of Trial,	ho	urs.	7	EVAPORATION.		
Kind of Boiler,			Starling	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIRLD		
Kind of Grate,			do Fixtenzu	Apparent,	1115.	6.82
Grate Surface, length	ft., width ft. sq	. ít.	50	Actual,	111-	6.64
Water Heating Surface	e, sq	. ſt.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	Ibs.	7.27
Superheating Surface,	Sc	į. ſt.	Novu	PER POUND DRY COAL.		
Area, Chimney,	S(	. ft.	38.48	Apparent,	11.~.	2.33
Height, Chimney,		ſt.	115	Actual,	lbs.	7.13
Ratio Heating to Grate	Surface,		40.1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11 ~.	2.81
AVERAG	E PRESSURES.			PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBLE.		
Barometer,	ins, merc	ury.	29.6	Apparent,	Itis.	7.98
Steam Gauge,	lbs, per sq	. in.	97.2	Actual,	Ibs.	7.77
Absolute Steam Pressi	ere, lbs. per sq	. in.	111.6	Equivalent from and at 212°,	llis.	8.38
Draught Gauge,	ins. wa	iter.	1/8 11	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE P	ER HOUR.	
AVERAGE	TEMPERATURES.		70	Actual,	llis.	2,41
External Air,	deg	. F.	55	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	2.64
Boiler Room,	deg	. F.	R2	HORSE POWER.		
Flue,	deg	. F.	001	On basis 341/2 lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	Н. Р.	191.5
Furnace,	deg	. F.	590	Builders Rating,	н. Р.	200
Feed Water,	deg	. F.	162.7	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		76.6
Steam, Calorin	neter deg	. F.	239	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		
04101111	FUEL.		201.	Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,		lbs.	6359.6	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
Moisture in Coal,	687%	lbs.	436.9	Moisture,	per cent.	6.87
Dry Coal Consumed,		lbs.	59227	Ash, Dry Basis	per cent.	8.19
Total Refuse, Dry,	(Moisture 22.1%)	lbs.	827.7	Combustible, Dry Basis	per cent.	91.8
the second second	Dry Basis) per c	ent.	13.97	Calorific Value per lb. of Fuel as Fired,	В, Т. С.	11680
Total Combustible,	21/20010)	lbs.	543%/	Calorific Value per lb, of dry Fuel,	BT U	12544
Combustible,	Dry Basis per a	ent.	91.7	Calorific Value per lb. of Combustible,	в. т. г.	13727
FUEL	PER HOUR.		, .,	Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal,	в. т. С.	10788
Coal as Fired per hou	r,	lbs.	908.5	Heat Generated per hour per lb. of Combu	tible as	
Dry Coal, per hour,		lbs.	8461	Fired,	в. т. С.	12432
Combustible, per hour	1	lbs.	776.	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. dry coal,	В. Т. С.	75721
Dry Coal, per sq. foot	of Grate,	[])5.	16.9	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. of Combu	tible as	88018
Tot	TAL WATER.			Burned,	В. Т. С.	88018
Quality of Steam,	per	cent.	97.3	Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,	jer cont.	60.3
Total Weight Water U	Jsed,	lbs.	43400	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent.	64,3
Total Evaporated into	Dry Steam,	]],<	42229	COST OF VAPORATING WAT	ER.	ø
Tactor of Evaporation	1,		1.0656	Cost of Coal, Dollars per ton,		\$210
Total from and at 2129	,	His.	96247	Cost of Eyap, L000 lbs, of Water from and	at 212°,	″./445
WATE	R PER HOUR.		. ,	Depth of Fire		53/"
Amount Used, Appare	ently Evaporated,	lbs.	6200	Speed of Grate in ft/hr		10.95
Evaporated into Dry	Steam,	[],<.	6033	7 9		,
Evaporated from and	at 212°,	lbs.	6607			



# RUNNING LOG

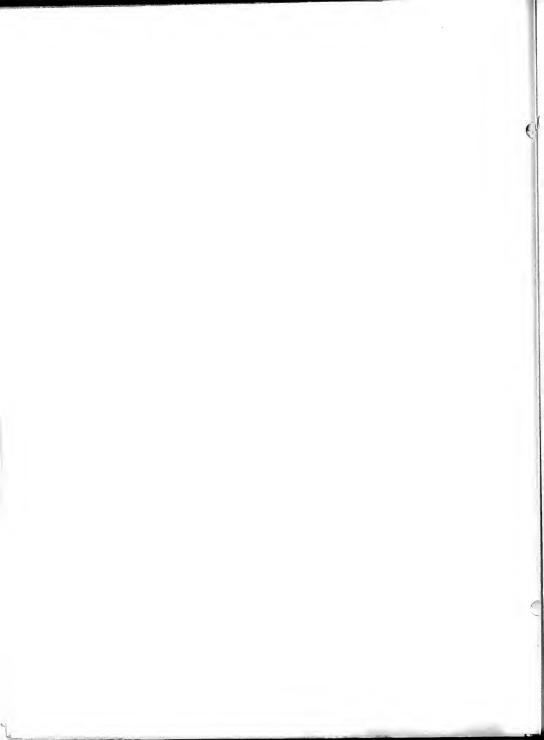
TEST NO8								
				Tem	peratur	e		
Time	Press	Fue/	Meter	Feed.	Flue	Cal	0	COZ
7.45	92	0	1178	185	538	230		
8:15	102		1429	138	520	238	7.0	ક્5
8:45	93	1384	1712	172	500	230		
9:15	97		1977	169	500	234	9.5	5.0
9:45	100	13/200	2127	165	565	236		
10:15	92	935	2581	164	555	230	8,0	5.5
10:45	98		2772	141	550	238	6.0	5.2
11:15	98	825	2920	156	500	236		
11:45	89		3278	163	550	228	7.0	5.0
12:15	39	550	3387	161	540	227	6.5	5.7.
12:45	112		3567	162	530	230		
1:15	110	1100	3754	161.5	500	228		
1:45	103		4019	159.	520	235		1
2:15	107	825	4328	171.	610	232		
2:45	109	550	4654	168-	600	240	1 2	
Total	1 2 2	6179	3476					
AV	98.7			155.7	540	2.3.3.		5.3
De	pth of	Fue/					7	7"
5,0	eed of	Grate	Ft/H	K			7.	58
Dr	aft- 1	nches	Water			4	1	6
We	eight c	of Wet	Refus	e			119	77_
Le	ngth o	f Run					7.	:00
					A.A	Byers		
D.A Young								

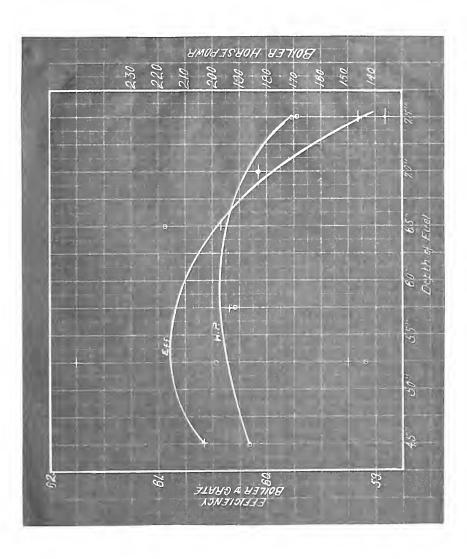


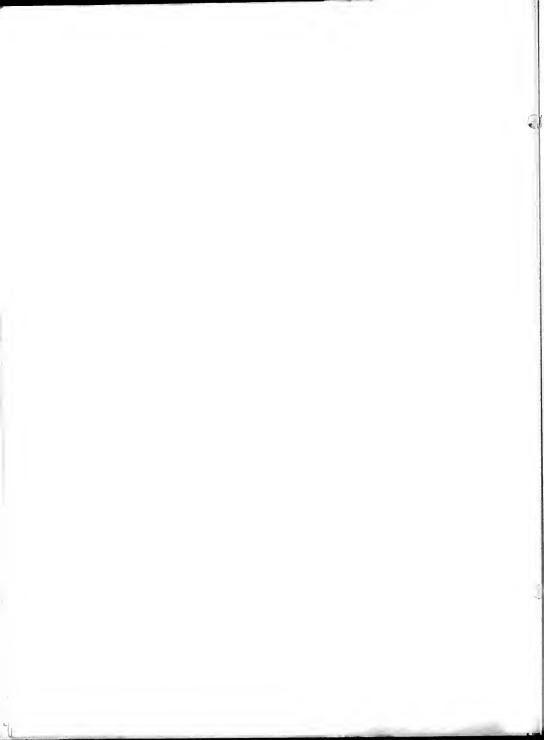
## MECHANICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

ARMOUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Report of Boiler Test made	At av	mon Ini	Autub of Technology		
For Th	reis	· No	- dhan	12,1910	
Duration of Trial,	hours.	7	EVAPORATION.		
Kind of Boiler,		Stirling	PER POUND OF FUEL AS FIRM	)	
Kind of Grate,		de Stome	Apparent,	11)4.	6.78
Grate Surface, length ft., width	ft. sq. ft.	30	Actual,	lbs.	6.58
Water Heating Surface,	sq. ft.	2000	Equivalent from and at 212°,	11)~.	726
Superheating Surface,	sq. ft.	None	PER POUND DRY COAL.		
Area, Chimney,	sq. [t.	38.48	Apparent,	llis.	7.22
Height, Chimney,	ſt.	175	Actual,	lbs.	7.02
Ratio Heating to Grate Surface,		40:1	Equivalent from and at 212°,	llis.	713
AVERAGE PRESSUR	RES.		PER POUND OF COMBUSTIBLE.		
Barometer,	ins. mercury.	29.52	Apparent,	lbs.	7.98
Steam Gauge,	lbs, per sq. in.	98.7	Actual,	ibs.	273
Absolute Steam Pressure,	lbs. per sq. in.	113.2	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	8.54
Draught Gauge,	ins, water.	1/16	PER SQUARE FOOT HEATING SURFACE P	ER HOUR.	
AVERAGE TEMPERAT			Actual,	ll.s.	2.31
External Air,	deg. F.	52	Equivalent from and at 212°,	lbs.	2.57
Boiler Room,	deg. F.	61	HORSE POWER.		
I lue,	deg. F.	510	On basis 34½ lbs. equiv. evap. per hour,	H. P.	186
Furnace,	deg. F.		Builders Rating,	Н. Р.	200
Feed Water,	deg. F.	153.7	Ratio of Commercial to Builders Rating,		74.4%
Steam, Calorimeter	deg. F.	231	ANALYSIS OF FUEL.		
FUEL.	.,		Fixed Carbon,	per cent.	
Total Coal Consumed,	lbs.	6179	Volatile Matter,	per cent.	
Moisture in Coal,	lbs.	920	Moisture,	per cent.	6.8
Dry Coal Consumed,	lbs.	5759	Ash, DryBasis	per cent.	8.6
Total Refuse, Dry,	per cent.	930	Combustible, Dry Basis Calorific Value per lb. of Fuel as Fired,	per cent.	91.4
Total Reluse, Dry,  DryBa		16.2		B. T. U.	11691
Total Combustible, Dry Ba.	s/s per cent.	5263	Calorific Value per lb. of dry Fuel,	BT.U.	12544
Combustible,  DYY Bas	Σ/ <b>ζ</b>	91.3	Calorific Value per lb. of Combustible,		13727
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	lbs,		Heat Generated per hour per lb. dry coal,  Heat Generated per hour per lb. of Combu		11591
Coal as Fired per hour,	lbs.	882.9	Fired,	B. T. U	12683
Dry Coal, per hour,	lbs.	823.0	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. dry coal,	B. T. U.	12683
Combustible, per hour, Dry Coal, per sq. foot of Grate,	lbs.	752.0	Heat Absorbed per hour per lb. of Combu		7552
TOTAL WATER		16,5	Burned,	B, T. U.	9008
	per cent.		Efficiency of Boiler and Grate,	per cent.	9008
Quality of Steam, Total Weight Water Used,	lbs.	97.2	Efficiency of Boiler,	per cent.	601
	lbs.	41800	COST OF VAPORATING WAT		65.4
Total Evaporated into Dry Steam, Lactor of Evaporation,	1177.	40600	Cost of Coal, Dollars per ton,		-50 12
Total from and at 212°,	lbs.	1.0719	Cost of Evap, L000 lbs, of Water from and	Lat 212°.	2.10 19.59 7" 7.58
WATER PER HOL		4 4800	~ 4		14.57
Amount Used, Apparently Evapor.			Depth of Fire Speed of Grad in ft/h		nied
Evaporated into Dry Steam,	lbs.	5980	Speed of Grain in ft/m.		7.38
Evaporated from and at 212°,	lbs.	5813	0 /		
arapointed from the state of		6410			

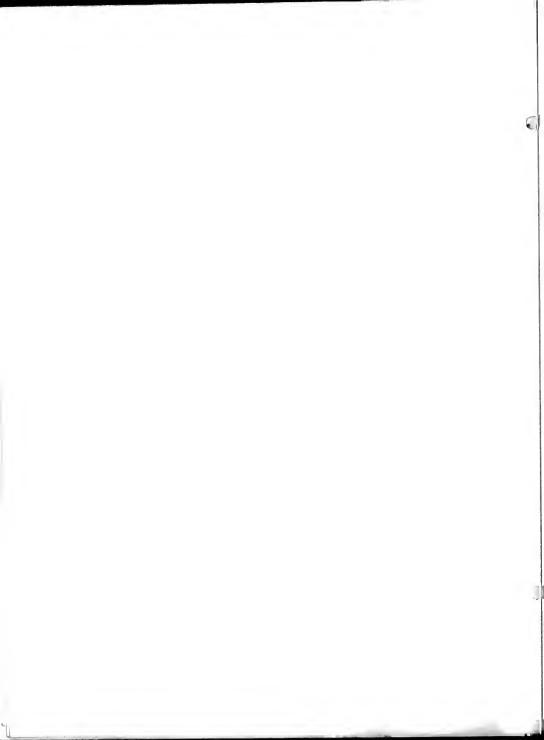






## Average Results.

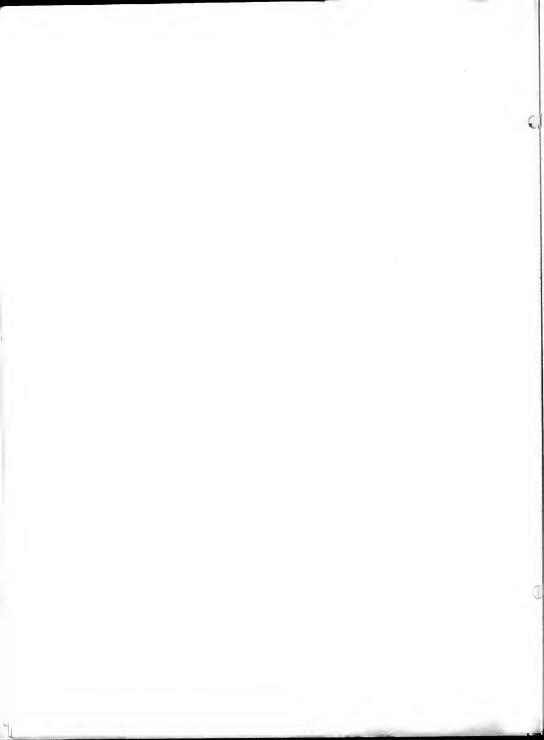
No of Run	1	જ	ы	4	5	9	7	В
Time of Run (hrs)	4:44	7:07	7:02	0/:9	6:/3	00:9	7:00	7:00
Feed Water Temp.	162.7	/89/	162.4	0.29/	9.09/	162.4 167.0 160.6 164.2 162.7	162.7	155.7
Meter Read (Gal) 1736 4082	1736	4082		4410 3147 2804	2804	2722	27.09	5476
Coal Burned	3/86	3/86 6807	23.8	5339.5	5392	71045 53395 5392 48445 6358	6358	6/79
Calorimiter Temp.		232.5 235.5		229.8 234.3 254.	254.	232.5 236	236	253
Steam Pressure	95.1	82	94.9	. 06	91.4 92	92	97.2	98.7
Flue Temperature	622	6/7.7	581	009	592.8 600	600	200	540
per cent 0 xygen.	4.4	9.5	7.5	4.0	χ γ	6.5	9.6	7.3
, CO <sub>3</sub>	4.8	9.9	1.9	6.7	5.2	0.9	6.9	5.3
Draft (in. water)	= 1/4	-^\a	-1/a	-/kt	-/a	.,180	.10	16.
Speed of Grate 17thr	9.32	13.67	10.8	9.32	6.82 5.09	5.04	10.95	7.58
Dry Refuse	452	784.7	1088	837.1	837.1 909.5 669	699	82.7	930
Kind of Fuel	III. Not.	III. Nut.	I/I. Nut.	III. Screen.	III. Nut.	III. Screen. III. Nut. III. Nut.	III. Nut.	111. Not.
Depth of Fire	5/4	3/45	"n 9	42"	7/2"	1/10	(O)	7"
Horse Power	143.3	198.5	217.3	186.5	170.5	69/	191.5	/86
Water Evap at 212°	7.54	7.04	7.42	7.44	6.70	7.32	7.27	7.26
Quality of Steam	6.96	97.8	46.4	97.5	97.2	97.5	97.3	97.2
Eff Boiler & Grate	61.75	5825	60.40	80.60	59.17	58.90	80.30	60.10
Date of Run	5/2/AM.	5/2 F.M.	5/2/AM 5/2 FM. 5/3/AM. 6/3 FM. 5/4 AM. 5/4 7M 5/11/10 5/12/10	6/3 P.M.	5/4 AM.	mc1 4/5	5/11/10	5/12/10
	Acres and a series	The second						

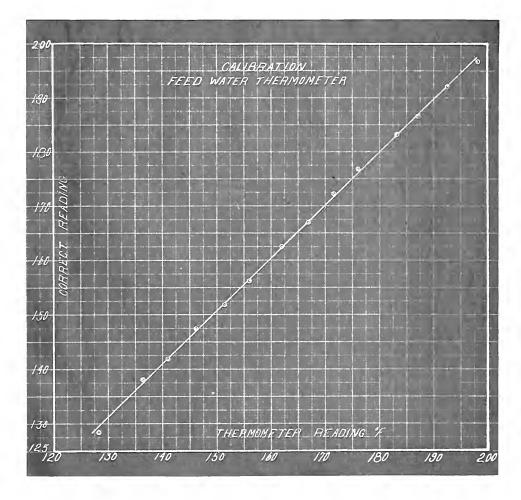


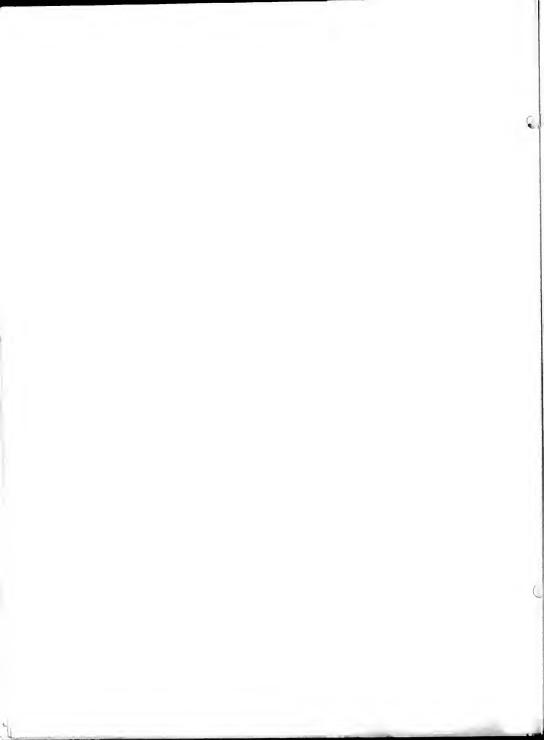
## FUEL ANAYSIS

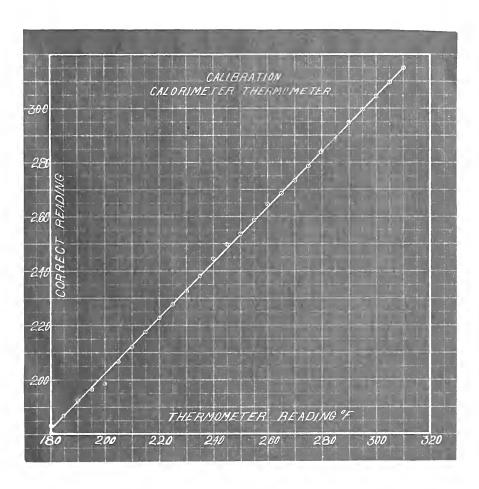
ILLINOIS NUT COAL

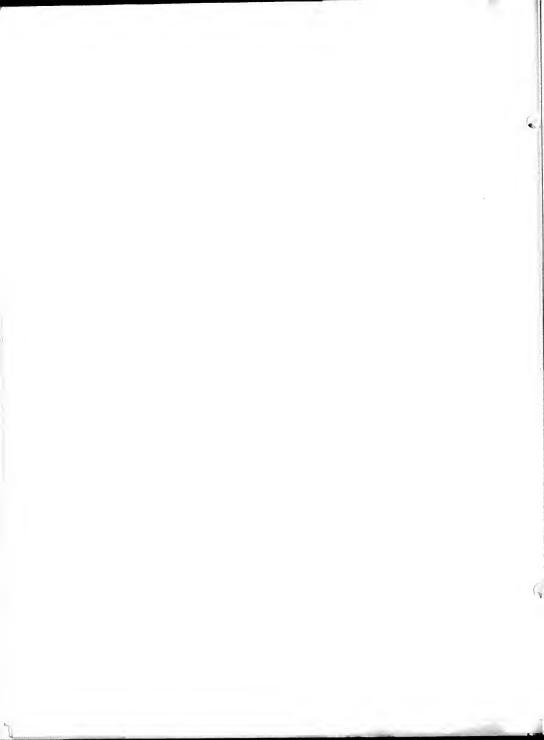
	4					
Run No	Date	B.T.U.(dry)	Ash (wet)	Moisture-Ash	Moisture-Fuel	
/	5/2/10	12850	11.02	14.8	5.11	
2	5/2/10	12661.	11.02	14.8	5.11	
3	5/3/10	12 106	7.33	19.9	5.11	
4	5/3/10	12425		19.9	5.11	
6	5/4/10	12480		14.2	5.11	
7	5/11/10	12530	8.35	2.24	6.87	
7	5/11/10	12850	8.03	22.1	6.87	
8	5/12/10	12.850	8.35	20.6	6.80	
Average		12,544	8.62			
	ILLII	IOIS SCREE	NINGS			
Run No	Date	B.T.U.(dry)	Ash (wer)	Moisture-Ash	Moisture-Fuel	
5	5/4/10	11540	8.6	14.2	5.18	
5	5/4/10	11960	8.6	14.2	5.18	
Average		11750				
	-	li uma	3-2			





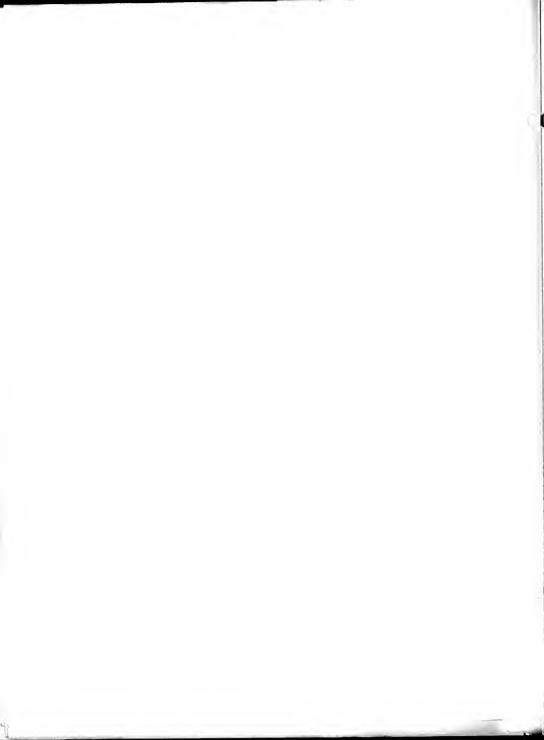


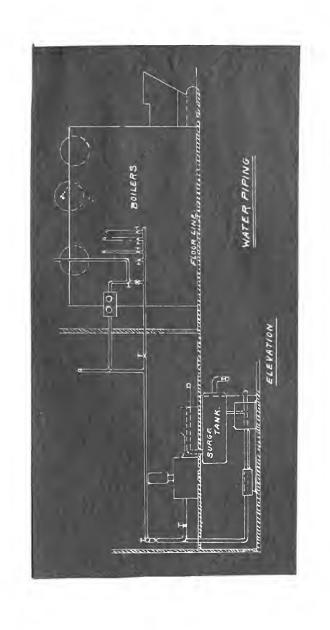




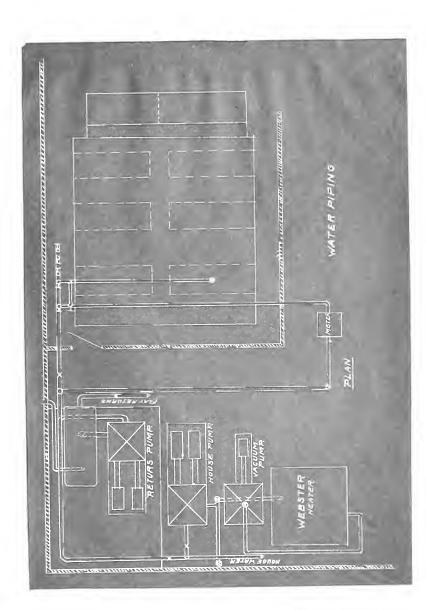
## Thermometer Corrections

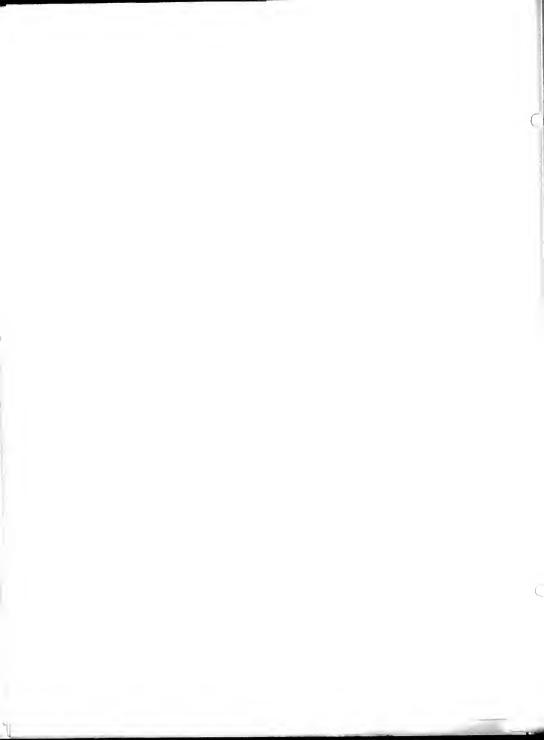
Standard Gentiarade	Standard Fahrenheit	Feed Thermometer	Calorimeter Thermometer
535	1283	12.80	/30
590	1382	13 60	/.35
61.0	1118	14 10	140
640	147.2	1460.	145
665	151.7	1515	150
690	15 62	1560	155
72.5	1625	1620	160
75.0	1820	167.0	165
78.0	1724	17/5	170
805	1769	1760	175
84.0	/832	1830	180
860	/888	187.0	/85
820	1922	1225	190
91.5	1967	1980	185
925	1385		200
97.0	206.8		205
1000	2/2.0		210
/030	2/24		2/5
1060	222.8		220
109.0	2282	TO ASSAULT	225
1/1.5	232.7	17Q 1 178	230
1/4.5	238.1		235
1/80	29.49		240
1205	2489		245
1230	253.4		250
1260	2588		255
129.1	264.2		260
1315	268.7		265
/34.0	2732		270
/37.0	278.6	164347.50 : 200	275
1900	284.0		280
/12.5	2885		285
1960	2918	155	290
1485	299.3	The state of the s	285
151.5	304.7		300
1540	3092		305
1520	3/9.6		3/0
162.0	323.6		3/8

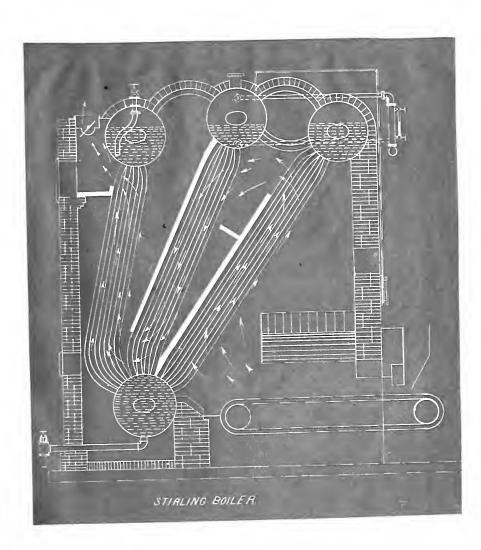


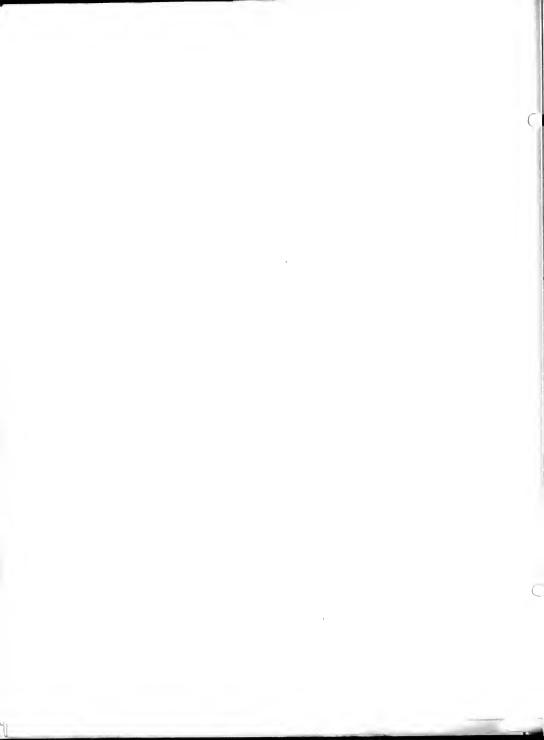












		Data For Meter Calibration Curve	eter Calibra	Tran Curve			
Time	Meter Recaing	Temperature	Water Pounds	Gallons Per Hour	Astual Lbs.berHr	Actual Gals per Hr.	Slip per Cent
/6.4/	/0/	186	1376	363.6	4955.6	611.0	40.5
17:37	101	178	1251	343.4	4253.4	525,0	34.6.
10:29	511	157	1293	0./89	7400.0	912.0	26.3
7:43	37	08/	521.5	287.0	4040.0	498.0	42.3
4:43	124	99/	1281.0	1208	12,470	1536.0	21.4
16:36	47	149	1195.	351.	4315.0	532.0	24.1
12:48	/02	153	1203.	165	56400	695.0	29.4.
64:49	120	187	1249.	732	7620,0	958.0	22.0
8:36	66	148	1188.5	.069	0.0058	1024	32.8
10:02	1/5	143	7/162	069	0.0869	0-098	197
19:6	120	132	1302.	732	7440.0	978.0	25.1
5:36	138	121	1312.	1478.	14040.0	1733.0	14.7
5:19	/3/	132	1265.	1482	14.500.0	0.2821	17.07

Average Temperature = 170 F

